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REPORT NUMBER 144

MARCH 1965

FUSELAGE STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS
Volume IV
ENGINE INLET, THRUST SPOILER,
PITCH FAN LOUVERS

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CONTRACT NUMBER DA44-177-TC-715

GENERAL & ELECTRIC

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REPORT NUMBER 144

FUSELAGE STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS VOLUME IV ENGINE INLET, THRUST SPOILER, PITCH FAN LOUVERS

XV-5A Lift Fan Flight Research Aircraft Program Contract No. DA 44-177-TC-715

March 1965

ADVANCED ENGINE AND TECHNOLOGY DEPARTMENT GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY CINCINNATI, OHIO 45215

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3.0	THRUST SPOILER INSTALLATION	17
4.0	PITCH FAN LOUVER INSTALLATION	29

1.0 INTRODUCTION

The structural analyses of the engine air inlet, the thrust spoiler installation, and the pitch fan louver installation of the U.S. Army XV-5A Lift Fan Research Aircraft are presented in this report.

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2.0 ENGINE AIR INLET

The engine air inlet installation provides the ducting for inlet air to the turbo jet engines, ducting for cooling air and provides the faired cover for the accessory and hydraulic compartments.

The engine inlet is constructed of Fiberglas, 181 cloth with polyester resin, per MIL-R-7575. The external skins are made up of three plys of 181 cloth reinforced along the attachment edges by eight additional layers. The inlet duct cylinders are of four ply construction.

The inlet installation is attached to the aircraft fuselage structure at the canted bulkhead aft of the cockpit, at two intermediate sub-frames, the engine forward support structure frame and along the lower edges to the fuselage upper longerons.

Critical design pressure loads are shown and the critical skin panel is analyized for this loading. The attachments are investigated and shown to be adequate for inlet loading.

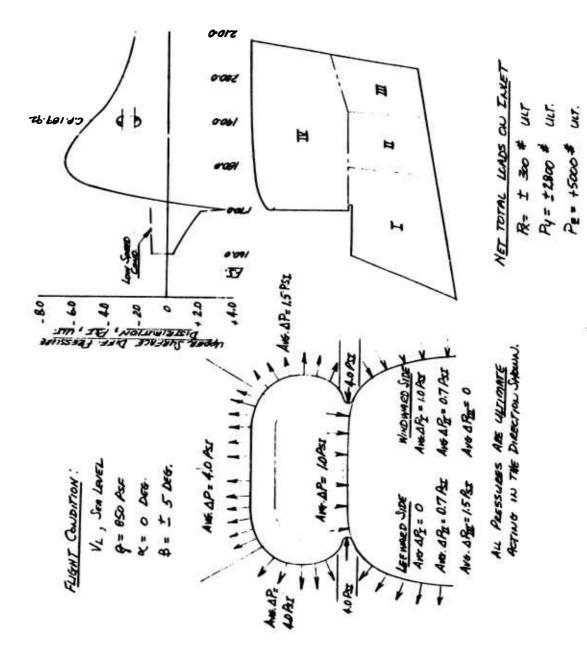
Material allowables for 181 cloth, polyester resin, Fiberglas are taken from MIL-HNDBK-17 and MIL-R-7575 and are shown below:

$$\mathbf{F_{t_u}} = 40,000 \text{ psi}$$

$$F_{c_u} = 35,000 \text{ psi}$$

$$F_{s_u} = 9,000 \text{ to } 20,000 \text{ psi}$$

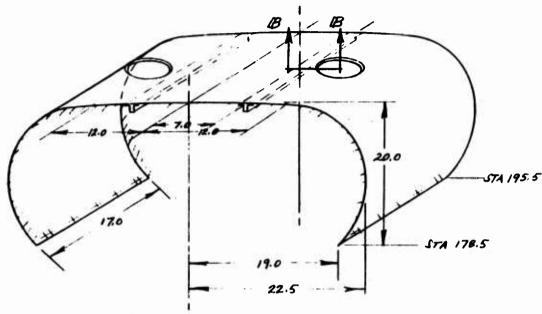
$$E = 2.5 (10)^6 psi$$



INVET LONDS & PRESSURE DISTRIBUTION

.

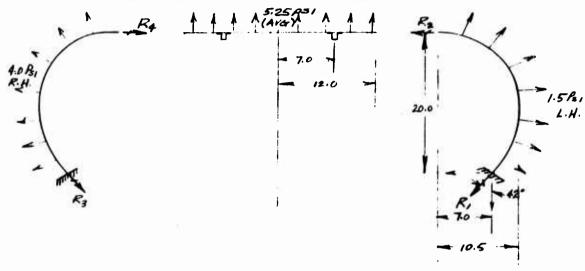
OUTSIDE UPPER SKIN PANEL SECTION A-A



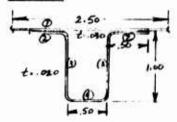
THE ABOVE SKETCH REPRESENTS AN AVERIGE CRESS. SECTION OF THE CUTER SAIN PARKL BETWEEN THE TWO INTET THIS SUERSE BUCKHEADS.
THE POWEL IS DIVIPED INTO THREE SEGMENTS FOR ANALYSIS PURPOSES AS SHOWN ON THE FOLLOWING PIRES. THE END PANELS ARE ESSENTIFICAL CYLLANDICAL SEGMENTS AND ARE ANDLYZED AS SUCH. THE UPPER PANEL IS A FLAT MEMBRANE PARTIALLY SUPPORTED BY TWO HAY SECTION BEAMS LOCATED APPROXIMATELY SEVEN INCHES EITHER SIDE OF THE CENTER-LINE.

THE MEMBERANE SUPPORT IS PROVIDED ON THE LOUG SIDES BY THE BUILTHEADS AND CANTHE SHOWT SIDES BY THE CYLINDRICAL END SEGMENTS. THE AVERAGE UPPER SURFACE PRESSURE OF 526 psi UIT. IS APPURTIUMED TO THE BEAMS AND TO THE MEMBERANE ACCORDING TO THE BEAMS AND TO THE MEMBERANE ACCORDING TO THE BEAMS AND TO THE REMAINING STREAMSTH WHICH IS EQUIVALENT TO 2.11 psi. The REMAINING S.14 psi pressure IS APPULLED TO THE MEMBERANE MAID MAXIMUM. SKIN STRESSES AND PAILED DEPUT OF ARE CALCULATED. BECAUSE THE END SEGMENTS PRIVIDE LESS RIGID PANEL SUPPORT THAN THE BULKHEADS A FICTIOUS MEMBERANE LEAGTH IS USED WHICH ALLOWS A SHORT END REACTION HIPPORTYMATERS! EQUIAL TO THE AVERAGE END SEGMENT REACTIONS. THE DIANOR PORTION OF THE MEMBERANE LOADING IS THEN REACTED

AT THE TWO BULKHEADS. THE MEMBRANE MAXIMUM DEFLECTION IS CALCULATED ON THIS BASIS AND IS SHOWN TO BE COMPATIBLE WITH THE MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE BEAM DEFLECTION.



BEAMS :



ITEM	A	4	Ay	Aye	I.
1	.075	,015	.001/2	.00002	-
2	.020	.040	100060	. 0000 3	-
3	.038	.530	.02014	.01067	,00294
4	.010	1.020	,01020	.01010	
E	.143		.03226	.02112	.00294

BEAMS: CONT.

MEMBRANE :

$$f_{t}: n \left[p^{2} E \frac{a^{2}}{t^{2}} \right]^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$= n \left[3.14^{2} (2.5)(10)^{6} \left(\frac{65^{2}}{030^{2}} \right) \right]^{\frac{1}{3}} = n \left[115.60(10)^{\frac{1}{2}} \right]^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$= n \left[4.87(10)^{4} \right] = n \left(48,700 \right) \text{ pai}$$

$$S = \eta, \alpha \left[\frac{\rho \alpha}{ET}\right]^{1/3} = .070(65) \left[\frac{3.14}{2.5(10)^{1/2}(.030)}\right]^{1/3} = 4.55 \left[\frac{3.14}{2.5(10)^{1/2}(.030)}\right]^{1/3} = 4.55 \left(\frac{3.14}{2.5(10)^{1/2}(.030)}\right]^{1/3}$$

MEMBRANE: CONT.

UPPER PANEL LEAD IS APPLIED TO THE BEAMS BY MEMBRANE ACTION OF THE SKIN PANELS.

RAVY = 37.68 \$/IN - ASSUME PANEL LENGTH TO APPROXIMATE THIS

PANELS I & II

$$p = 5.25 \text{ ps}_1 \text{ [ULT]} \qquad qb = 5.68$$

$$a_1 = 5.0 \text{ (Assume = 100)} \qquad n_1 = .05$$

$$a_2 = 14.0 \text{ (Assume = 100)} \qquad n_5 = .014$$

$$f = 17.0$$

$$f = .030 \qquad n_6 = .18$$

$$n_7 = .06$$

$$f_{\xi} = n \left[p^2 \in \frac{a^2}{t^2} \right]^{1/3} \qquad n_7 = .06$$

$$= n \left[(5.25)^2 (2.5)(10)^6 \left(\frac{100^2}{0.30^2} \right) \right]^{1/3} = n \left[765.55(10)^{12} \right]^{1/3}$$

$$= n \left(91,500 \right)$$

$$f_{\xi} \text{ SHT. Side} = .014 \left(91,500 \right) = 1261 \text{ ps}_1 = 38.43 \text{ m/m} \text{ [ULT.]}$$

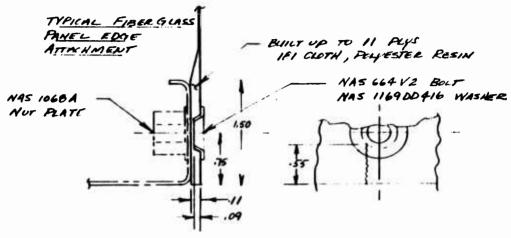
$$f_{\xi} \text{ ULLGe Side} = .18 \left(91,500 \right) = 16,470 \text{ ps}_1 = 444.00 \text{ m/m} \text{ [ULT.]}$$

$$f_{\xi} \text{ ULLGe Side} = .06 \left(91,500 \right) = 5490 \text{ ps}_1$$

MAX. MEMBRANE STRESS 16,470 psi

M.S. = 35,000 -1= HIGH

INLET ATTACHMENTS:



SHEAR-OUT

* MIN. SHEAR ALLOW.

BIARING:

Assume Px (300 HULT) REACTED BY FASTENERS INTO 143 FOBZ

Assume Py, SEGMENT II, (1800 + ULT) REACTED BY FASTENERS
ACROSS TOP SURFACE AT F.S. 160.0 & F.S. 208.0. INDUCED
MX MOMENT REACTED BY FASTENERS INTO BLKHDS AT F.S.
177.20 & F.S. 193.46 AS SHEAR COUPLES.

RYZERS 1140#; 4 FASTENERS (A) F.S. 208.0 NOT CRITICAL.

MX WILLIASS 9000"#; EQUIVALENT TO APPROX. 180# /5106.

RY LOADS ON SEGMENTS I, II & III. REACTED BY PANEL EDGE

ATTACH NIENTS. ATTACH MENTS AND CRITICAL

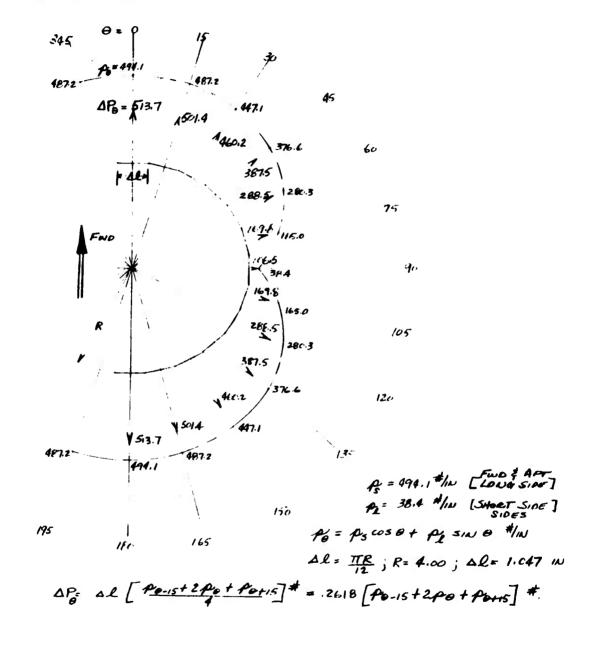
INLET ATTACHMENTS: CONT.

ASSUME PO (5000 HILT) REACTED BY FASTENERS INTO
BUKHAS AT STAS. 177.20, 193.46 AND 193.5082 FRAINE.
EQUIAL RENCLIDAS EQUIAL 834 # | FRAME SIDE
TWO SHEAR FASTENERS AT EACH FRAME ARE SUFFICIENT
ATTACHNIENTS NOT CRITICAL

TOP COOLING AIR INLET:

IN ORDER TO REDUCE THE EFFECT OF RENGESTION ON COOLING AIR SUPPLIED TO THE ELECTRICAL, HYDRAULIC AND ENGINE COMPARTMENTS AN ALTERNATE INLET IS PROVIDED ON THE UPPER SUPPLE OF THE ENGINE AIR INLET. THE UPPER INLET IS LOCATED IN THE AREA OF HIGH PRESSURE LOADING ON THE SKIN AND IS THEREFORE FRAMED WITH A RING CAPABLE OF TRANSFERRING SKIN MEMBRANE STRESSES.

TOP COOLING AIR INLET RING LOADS:

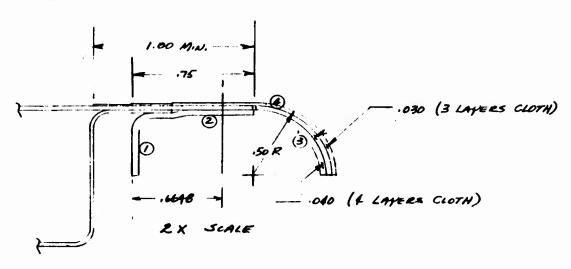


INLET RING BENDING MOMENTS

l					35	BENDING	Momen	FUT						:
0.2	اہا	0x 201.4	0 m	85 387.5	23.25	6.9.8	00 ×	10S	7,20	25. 25.08	5.3 5.0	P. 50/4	5.5.7	EM.
493	•	122-	-37	78	104	89	**	ī	29	-3	26-	1/4	12/-	-820
322	9	- 481	-202	-31	28	5	43	3	69	39	-31	-/00	*	-890
+		12	- 442	01/-	-23	琳	**	89	401	43	3	3	-103	159-
103	M	4	-22	-372	121-	7/-	ત	3	511	8	011	8	14-	96/-
185	10	8	- 37	011-	-33	- 75	6 0	34	401	133	99/	ÿ	15	+348
502	4	180	8	-31	-127	<u>1</u>	14-	1/4	%	ź	184	8	123	4780
185	5	102	39/	7.8	-23	K	201-	275	£2 -	78	3	त्र	/85	182
~	123	180	181	š	63	7/-	-+1	-163	121-	-31	26	08/	265	4780
2	~	92/	33/	188	701	34	900	-75	-277	-170	15-	99/	8/	+348
4	_	8	0//	8	//5	13	72	41-	-127	-372	202-	\$	103	96/-
	-103	\$.	43	101	89	*	34	-23	021-	-442	-22	-41	457
•	#1-	. 8	-37	39	59	19	43	19	ĸ	131	202-	189	-126	-890
₽	14/-	2/-	-92	-31	29	1	88	9	72/	78	-37	12	1-493	-820
		-			-					_			_	•

Mp= CmR &P Mmgx= -890 m-u8 [vur] Comp mside Mggx= +962 m-u8 [vur] Ters inside

SECTION B-B:



INLET RING BENDING:

ASSUME CONSERVINIVELY THAT THE . USU CHANNEL & .030 TOD SPICE CARRY TOTAL RING BENDING MOMENTS

IRM	A	x	Ax	Ax2	I_o
,	.061	.020	.00033	<u>.</u>	
2	.0280	. 390	.01092	.00426	.0011
3	.0282	1.026	.02093	.02968	.0005
4	.0437	:450	.03714	.03157	.0043
	.1/63		.07732	.06551	.0059

$$\overline{X} = \frac{.07732}{.1163} = .6648 = C_{OUTSIDE}; C_{INSIDE} = .6152$$

$$\overline{I} = .06551 - .6648(.07732) + .0059 = .0200 \text{ IN}^4$$

$$M = -870 \text{ in : 6}$$
 Tens. ourside
 $f_{b_{\pm}} = \frac{890(148)}{0200} = 29,580 \text{ psi}$
 $F_{b_{\pm}} = \frac{40,000}{27,580} = \frac{+.35}{27,580}$

INLET RING BENDING; CONT.

M = +962 IN-18 COMP. OUTSIDE

for 962 (6618) = 31,980 psi

Fbc = 35,000 psi

M.S. 35,000 - / = +.09

SKIN SPLICE TO CHALLEL:

Ba = 175 (1.00) (900) = 6750 #/1N

Pmax = 494.1 #/12

NOT CRITICAL

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3.0 THRUST SPOILER INSTALLATION (Drawing 143P069)

The thrust spoilers consist of a pair of doors located aft of the tailpipe nozzles and supported by the fairing structure below the fuselage box structure. The tailpipe exhaust impinges on the doors when they are extended. The doors are operated by a single hydraulic actuator located on the airplane centerline. The actuator drives a rod which is connected to the door support links. Longitudinal movement of rod and door supports joint causes the doors to pivot about the door hinges located at the forward end. The rod/door supports joint motion is guided by a track. An idler link at the actuator/rod joint reacts vertical loads so that the guide track is not loaded.

١

The spoilers are designed for operation under the following condition:

100 kts., hot day, 2500 ft., 9200 lbs. gross weight, full flaps, 98.6% RPM Ultimate load per spoiler = 1553 lbs.

Load is normal to the deflected plane and c.p. is at the center of area.

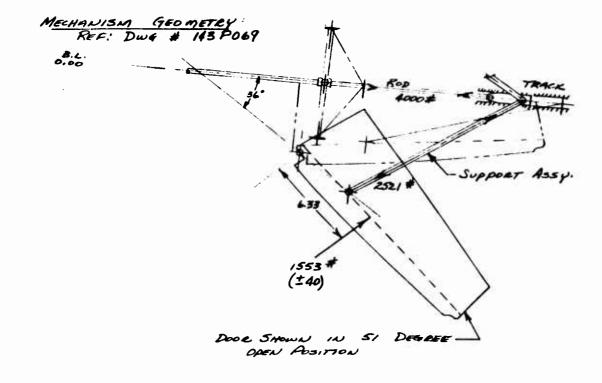
Unsymmetrical loading due to differential engine RPM of \pm 0.5% if \pm 40 lbs.

Design temperature for links and operating mechanism = 300°F

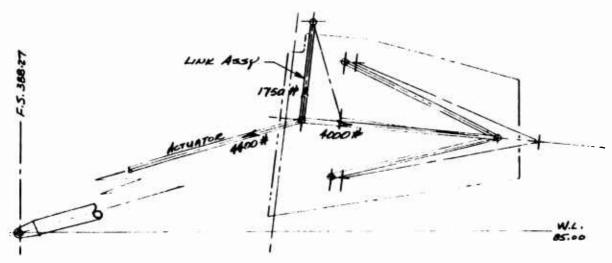
Materials used in the construction of the thrust spoilers are 19-9 DL and A-286 steel alloys.

Material properties used in stress analysis are shown below. (Reference: MIL-HNDBK-5, AMS55525A and Allegheny Ludlum Data Sheets)

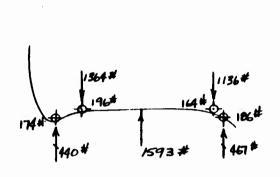
Property	R.T. Mat'l	1,00	300°F Mat' K	l Allowable SI	1200°F Mat'l	22 1 12111
	19-9DL	A-286	19-9DL	A-286	19-9DL	A-286
Ftu	95	140	86.4	139	51.3	99
Fty	45		39.6	94	24.3	87.5
Fcy	45		41.4		31.05	
F _{su}	60		50.4		33.6	
$F_{b_{rue/D}=2.0}$	225		184.5		144.0	
E	29,000	29,∪00	27, 260	28,000	18, 560	22,000

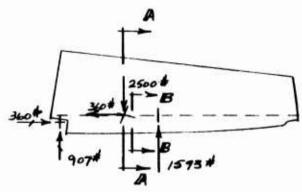


4 4

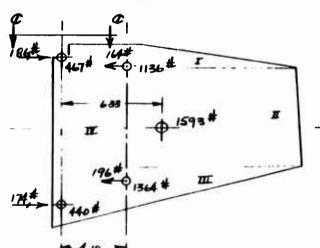


DOOR FREE BODY: 51 DEGREE OPEN POSITION





S#4.	A	×	2	Ax	Az
I	9.84	7.35	4.87	72.32	47.92
#	74.53	9.19	.75	684.98	54.41
Ш	15.65	7.52	-3.78		
	100.02			874-93	43.17
ZV	51.78	1.71	67	104.95	- \$6.70
TOT.	154.80			979.68	647

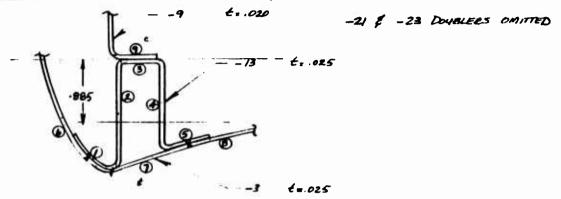


TOTAL SHREACE:

AREA OUTBOARD (AFT) OF A-A:

$$\bar{x} = \frac{674.93}{100.02} = 8.75 \text{ IN.}$$

SECTION A-A @ SUPPORT LINK HINGE, LOWER BEAM:



ELEM.	A	4	44	Aye	I.	
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	.0200 .0375 .0125 .0312 .0150 .0500 .0250 .0250	1.40 .75 .012 .62 1.18 .80 1.40 1.10	.0280 .0281 .0002 .0193 .0177 .0400 .0350 .0275	.0392 .0211 -0120 .0209 .0320 .0490 .0302	.0070 .00f1	$ \vec{y} = \frac{1957}{.2262} = .865 $ $ C_c = .865 + .020 = .885 $ $ C_{+} = /.600885 = .715 $ $ \vec{I} = .2044 - (.865)(.1957) + .0277 $ $ = .0628 IU + .0277 $
	.2262		1.1957	.2014	,0277	

$$M = \frac{1364}{2500} (4786) = 2611 \text{ M-LB}$$

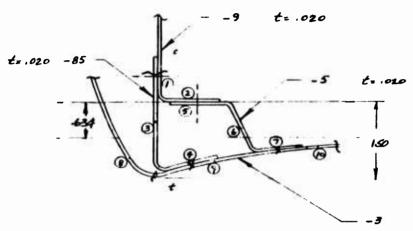
$$f_{b_{c_u}} = \frac{2611.(.885)}{.0628} = \frac{36,795}{.0628} psi \quad ULT = \frac{24,530}{.0628} psi \quad Limit$$

$$f_{b_{t_u}} = \frac{2611.(.715)}{.0628} = \frac{29,727}{.0628} psi \quad ULT = \frac{19,818}{.050} psi \quad Limit$$

$$Ms_e = \frac{31,050}{.24,530} - 1 = \frac{1.26}{.0628}$$

$$M.S_d = \frac{24.300}{.0618} - 1 = \frac{1.25}{.0618}$$

SECTION B-B , LOWER BEAM



AVCherry.

I.	Ayz	Ay	4	A	ELEM
	.0006	0025	25	.010	/
	_	0001	01	.015	2
.0114	.0061	.0152	.40	.038	3
	270	.0208	1.30	.016	4
	_	.0002	.01	.016	5
10022	. 0066	.0121	. 55	.022	6
İ	.0120	10120	1.00	.012	7
.0166	.0138	10265	.52	.051	8
	.0625	.0500	1.25	.040	9
	10101	102/2	,05	.025	10
.0302	.1467	.1554	!	.245	

t. . 025

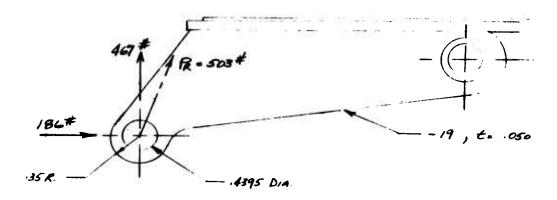
$$M = \frac{1364}{2500} (4786) = 2611 \quad \text{IN-18}$$

$$f_{bc} = \frac{2611 (1.134)}{.0784} = 37,767 \quad \text{PSI} \quad \text{(ILT} = 25,178 \quad \text{PSI} \quad \text{Limit}$$

$$f_{bc} = \frac{2611 (.866)}{.0784} = 28,840 \quad \text{PSI} \quad \text{(ILT} = 19,227 \quad \text{PSI} \quad \text{Limit}$$

$$M.S._{c} = \frac{31,050}{25,178} - 1 = \frac{1.25}{14,227} - 1 = \frac{1.25}{14,227}$$

DOOR HINGE LUGS:

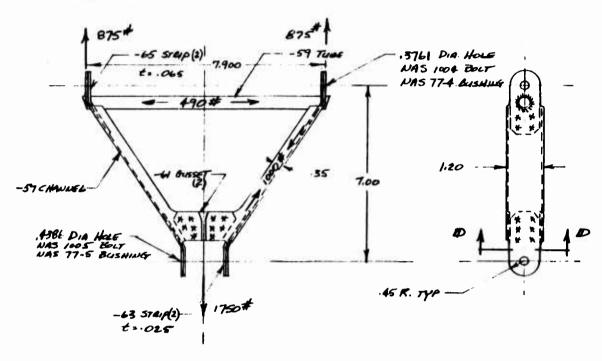


SHEAR TEAR OUT: (ASSUME ACTIVE @ MAN. SHEAR-OUT AREA)

$$S = 503^{+}$$
 $A_{S_{MIN}} = 4(.32 - .2197)(.075) = .0300 \text{ IN}^{2}$
 $S = \frac{503}{16,766} = .16,766 \text{ ps} \text{ (ULT)}$
 $S = \frac{503}{16,766} = .33,600 \text{ ps} \text{ (ULT)}$
 $S = \frac{33,600}{16,766} = .1 = \frac{1.00}{16,766}$

BEARING:

IDER LINK:



-59 TUBE:

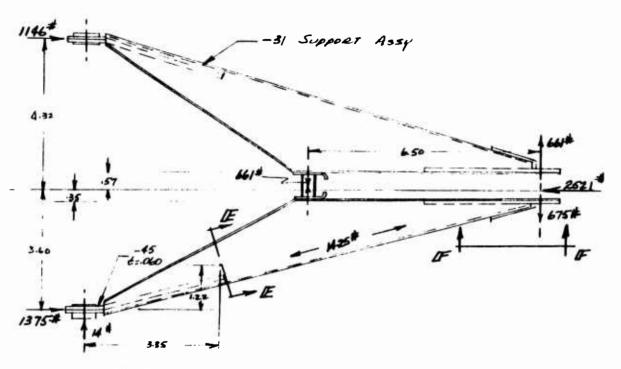
$$P_{CR} = \frac{\pi^2 E I}{(L^2)^2} = \frac{77^2 (28)(10)^4 (.0011)}{(7.90)^2} = 4865 \#$$
Tube NOT CRITICAL

IDLER LINK:

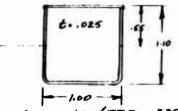
$$F_{22} = KE(\frac{E}{b})^2$$
 WHERE $K = 1.00$, $a_{b} = 1.00$, ENDS PINNED of $F_{300} = 18.56(10)^6$ psi

SHEAR TEAR-OUT: LOWER LUG

DOOR SUPPORT LINKS:



SECTION E. E



 $C_t = C_c = .55 \text{ in}.$ $I = 2(1.05)^{3}(.025)_{+} 2(1.00)(.025)(54)^{2} = .0194 \text{ in}^{3}$ $A = 2(1.05 + 1.00)(.025) = .1025 \text{ in}^{2}$

Mc.c = 1.22 (1376) - 8.35 (14) = 1631 IN-LB

fb = 1631 (.55) = 46,240 psi UIT = 30,827 psi Limit

fc = 1425 = 13,902 psi ult - 9268 psi umit

Door Support LINKS:

SECTION E.E

Fey = 41,400 ps; (27.26)(10)6
$$(\frac{.025}{.95})^2 = 68,664$$
 ps;
M.S.c = $\frac{41,400}{40,095} - 1 = \frac{+.03}{}$

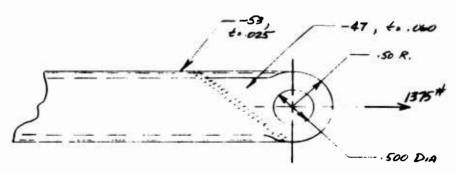
-45 LUG ATTACHMENT TO SUPPORT

THE 1425 ULT SUPPORT LOAD IS TRANSFERED TO THE -45 LUG THERIGH 10 Spot WELDS PER MIL-W-6858 @ .5 SPACING

Ba = 425 \$ Spot FOR MATE For 90-150 KSI [REF. MIL. HAWAR-S]
WHICH IS APPLICABLE TO 19.9 DL @ R.T.

DOOR SUPPORT LINK LUG:

VIEW F-F



SHEAR TEAR CUT:

LUG BEARING NOT CRITICAL

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4.0 PITCH FAN INLET LOUVER INSTALLATION

Mean

The second

The pitch fan inlet louver installation (Ref. Dwg. 143P010) consists of two independently operated sets of four louvers, one set on each side of the aircraft centerline, at the inlet to the pitch fan. The louvers are designed for flight operations in two positions only. Fully closed they provide a faired upper surface over the pitch fan and fully open they allow inlet air to enter the pitch fan and guide the flow of the inlet air.

The louvers are attached to the inlet through the louver support vanes, which are integral parts of the inlet, by means of full length piano hinges. Louver actuation is accomplished through a series of push rods between the louver bellcranks by a single electrical actuator for each set of four louvers. The actuator (Ref. Dwg. SCDE0066) is designed to preload the louver system against the centerline bellcrank stop throughout the range of relieving louver loads and is load limited to preclude overloading of the mechanism.

A sketch of the installation of one set of the louvers is shown in Figure 1.

The louver installation is designed to withstand normal pressure loading in the closed position for any conventional flight condition. Critical design loads occur in the open position at maximum design speeds of; 125 knots fan power on and 180 knots fan power off with the aircraft in a \pm 15 degree sideslip flight condition. These loads, in terms of louver hinge moments are shown in the accompanying pages.

Because of the similarity of components which make up the separate louvers and mechanism units, stress analysis and margins of safety are shown for the critical component only.

PITCH FOR INLET LOUVER INSTALLATION!

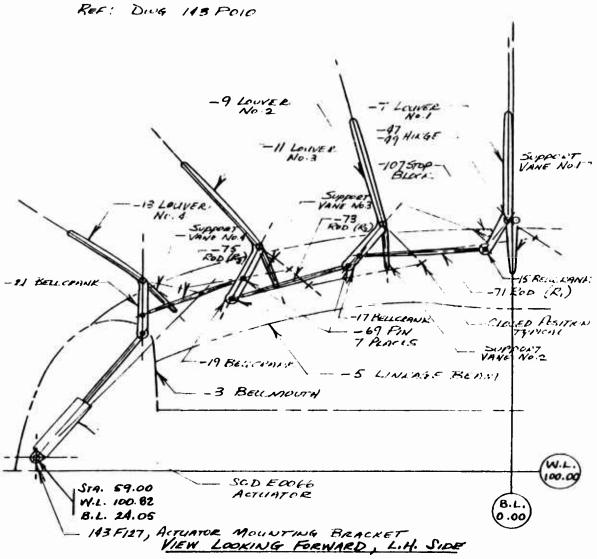


FIGURE I

25050

VIEW LOOKING FORWARD, L.H. SIDE FIGURE II

MECHANISM UNIT LOADS! AGRIATOR LOADED: LOWERS OPEN

PUSH ROD AND & CRANK STOP WACE FOR A ONE POUND TENSION LOAD IN THE ACTUATOR, NO OTHER LOADS APPLIED. LOUVERS OPEN. + INDICATES TENSION.

$$R_4 = +1.00 \#$$
 $R_3 = \frac{1.93}{1.84} R_1 = +1.05 \#$
 $R_2 = \frac{1.38}{1.57} R_3 = +.56 \#$
 $R_1 = \frac{1.54}{1.78} R_2 = +.48 \#$
 $R_3 = \frac{1.64}{1.18} R_1 = +.66 \#$

FOR A COMPLESSION LOAD IN THE MOTIGATOR THE PUSH POD LOADS ABOVE WOULD BE MINUS (COMPRESSION) AND THE STOP LOAD, PS, BECOMES ZERO.

LOIVERS LEADED :

FOR POSITIVE LOUVER HINGE MOMENTS REACTIONS
ARE SUPPLIED BY BOTH THE & CRANK STOP AND THE
ACHINICA. PRELIMINARY ANALYSIS SHOWED THE
FOLLOWING DIVISION OF LOAD TO THESI. REACTIONS
TO BE RUPERSENTATIVE OF THE DISTURUTION DUE TO
FLEXIBILITY OF THE LINKAGE MECHANISM. NEGATIVE
HINGE MOMENTS ARE REACTED BY THE ACTUATOR ALONE.

HINGE MOMENT	No. OF EQUAL	. Spen43 TO	LOAD E	ATIO
	ACTUATOR	Srop	ACTUATOR	Srop
+ M.	4	,	1/5 (.20)	4/5 (.80)
+ 1/2	3	2	2/5 (40)	3/5 (.60)
+ M3	2	3	3/5 (60)	2/5 (.10)
+M+	,	4	4/5 (.80)	1/5 (.20)
-M1-4		1	ALL	,

aver

M	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1	1		1	,	,,,,		
R	+M,	+ M2	1 M3	+M4	-M,	-M2	-M3	-M4	
R,	12	4.34	+.14	+.05	1.61	0	0	0	,
Rz	14	26	+.16	+.06	+.70	4.66	0	0	1
R3	26	-:48	43	+.11	+1.30	+1.21	+.72	0	
R4	25	46	-,41	41	+1.24	+1.15	+.69	+.52	
	+.68	B.					_ '		,

INLET LOUVER LONDS:

THE FOLLOWING THREE SHOWS MAYIMUM ESTIMATED HINGE MOMENTS APPLIED TO THE LOUVERS FOR TWO CHITKING FLIGHT CONDITIONS WITH THE LOUVERS IN THE FULLY OPEN POSITION. POSITIVE HINGE MOMENTS TEND TO OPEN THE LOUVERS.

.,	LIMIT HINGE MOMENT, INCH POINDS FEE LOW							
HINGE MMENT	FAN POWER ON	1, V= 125 K.	FAN POWER OFF, V = 180K					
.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	B= +15	B=-15	B= +15	B = -15				
M,	-125	+ 125	- 170	+170				
Mz	- 75	+ 75	-150	+ 150				
Ms	- 60	+ 60	-/20	+ 120				
M4	- 30	130	- 60	+60				

MECHANISM LONDS: LIMIT

FLIGHT COND. IN, FAN AWER CFF, Y= 180K., B= +15 DEG.
THIS CONDITION APPLIES CRITICAL NEGATIVE HINGE
MOMENTS (CLOSING MOMENTS) WHICH INCREASE TENSION
LOADS IN THE PUSH POOS & IN THE ACTUATOR

LOAD						TOTAL LOAD		
	-170	-150	-120	- 60	+200 #	+300#	+ 200#	+ 300 #
R,	+ /03.7	0	0	0			+- 103.7	
Rz	+ 119.0	+ 97.5	0	0	+ 112.0	+ 168.0	+ 2/6.5	+ 216.5
R ₅	+ 221.0	+ 181.5	+ 86.4	0	+ 210.0	+ 315.0	+ 488.9	+ 488.7
RALACT)	+210.8	+ 172.5	+ 82.8	+31.2	+ 200.0	+ 300.0	+ 497.3	+ 497.37
R					-		0	0

* ACTUATOR LOAD IS HIGHER THAN MAXIMUM ACTUATOR OPERATING LOAD OF 300#, WHICH MEANS THAT THE ACTUATOR COULD NOT OPINATE THE LOWWERS IN THIS CONDITIONS. ACTUATOR ULT. STATIC LAD IS ± 1000 th, HOWERE, SO IT WOULD MINIMAIN LOUVER FOSITIONS.

FLIGHT CONO. I, FAN POWER OFF, V= 180K., B= -15 DEG.
THIS CONDITION APPLIES CRITICAL ASSITIVE HINGE

MODERITS (CADITION APPORES CETTICAL POSITIVE TIMBE
MODERITS (CADITION APPORENTS) WHICH TEND TO
RELIEVE PRE-TENSION LOADS IN THE PORSY PROS AND
IN THE ACTUATION PRECIOD THE ACTUATION PRECIOD
IS NOT BEVERSION IN ANY LINKAGE COMPONIENT AT
A MINIMUM NOTION ON PRECIOD OF 2004.

LOAD	M, =						TOTAL GAD
2042	+ 170	+150	+/2.0	1.60	+200#	+300#	1200 H + 300 #
R,	- 20.4	+ 51.0	+ 16.8	+ 3.0	+ 96.0	+ 144.0	+146.4 +194.4
Rz	•	1		1	•		+ 72.0 +128.0
R ₃							+ 48.8 + 153.8
							+ 14.7 +114.7
							+ 345.1 + 411.1

MECHANISM UNIT LEADS, LOUVERS OPEN & LOADED:

& CRANK STOP UNITADED

RM	+M,	+M2	+ M3	+M4
R,	61	0	0	0
R_z	70	- ،65	0	o
Rz	-1.30	-1.21	72	٥
RA	-1.24	-1.15	69	-,52
Ps	0	0	0	0

MECHANISM LOADS: LIMIT

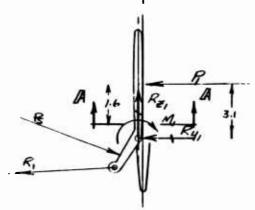
FLIGHT COND II, FAN AWER OFF, V= 180K., B= -15 REG.

THIS CONDITION APPLIES CRITICAL POSITIVE HINGE MOMENTS (OPENING MOMENTS) WHEN THE LOUVERS ARE OPEN BUT NOT AGAINST THE & CRANK STOP. THIS APPLIES CRITICAL COMPRESSION LOADS IN THE PUSH-RODS AND ACTUATOR.

/	M, =	M2 =	M3=	Me-	ACTUATOR WAD		TOTAL	THE LOND		
LOAD	+170	+150	+/20	+60	- 200#	-300 #	2007	BOC #		
Ri	-103.7	0	0	0	- 96.0	- 144.0	-103.7	- 103.7		
Rr	-119.0	- 97.5	0	0	- 112.0	- 168.0	-216.5	- 216.5		
F3	-221.0	- 181.5	- 864	0	- 210.0	- 315.0	- 488.9	- 488.9		
RIACT	-210.8	- 172.5	- 12.8	- 31.2	- 200.0	- 300.0	-497·3	- 497.3		
B	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		

* ACTUATOR LOAD EXCITEDS MAXIMUM ACTUATOR
OPERATING LOAD OF 300#, WHICH METERS THE ACTUATOR
COULD NOT OPERATE THE LOUVERS IN THIS CONDITION.
SITTE ACTUATOR CAPITAILITY OF ± 1000 # ASSURES
THAT THE ACTUATOR. WILL MAINTAIN THIS LOUVER
POSITION.

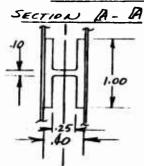
No. 1 (CENTER LINE) LOUVER
-7 LOUVER, -15 BELLCHANK



LIMIT LOADS:

CONDITION	м,	R,	Ps	P	Ry	Ra,
II , B= +15 FULL OPEN	-170	+103.7	0	+ 54.8	-157.8	+ 6.5
I , B=-15 AGAINST STOP				- 54.8	+ 240.8	- 172.0
VI , B=-15 NOT A411451 STOP	+170	-103.7	0	- 54.6	+ 157.8	- 6.5

CRITICAL LOUVER RESUMG & TORSION:



$$M_{UI.T} = 1.5 (1.6) (54.8) = 131.5 \text{ IN-18}$$

$$I = 2(.075)(.163)^2 + .10(.25)^3 = .0061 \text{ INF}$$

$$f_b = \frac{131.5 (.20)}{.0041} = .6415 \text{ pair (IKT.}$$

$$MATC: 7075 - 7651, F_{41} = 77,000 \text{ ps.}$$

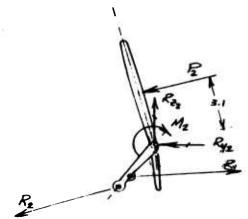
No. 1 (CENTERLINE) LOYVER

LOUVER TORSION:

MAXIMUM TERSIONAL MOMENT IN THE LOUVER BLADE OCCURS AT MID LEXATH AT THE CRANK.

ANGLE OF TWIST:

No. 2 LOUVER:



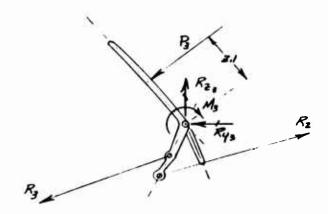
LIMIT LOADS:

CONDITION	M2	R,	R ₂	R	Ry 2	R22
IV B= +15 File OPEN	-150	+103.7	+216.5	+ 48.4	-149.5	+ 71.0
I B= -15 Addings Stop						
VI B= - 15 Not Adamst Stop	+ 150	- /03.7	-216.5	- 48.4	+ 149.5	- 71.0

Sur Line

No. 3 LOUPER

-11 LOUVER , - 19 BELCEPAIK

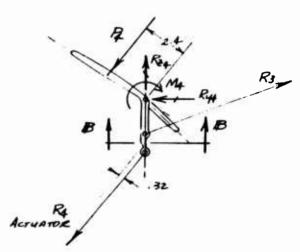


LIMIT LOGAS:

CONDITION)	Ma	R ₂	R3	P3	Rys	R_{23}
IV , 0= +15 FULL OAN	-120	+216.5	+ 488.9	+ 38.7	- 274,0	+ /38.5
I B=-15 AGNUST STOP	+120	+128.0	+153.8	- 35.7	+ 8.0	- 4.5
VI B= -15 Nor AGNABY STOP	+120	-216.5	-488.9	- 38.7	+274.0	-138.5

LOUVE HINGE: CRITICAL HINGE RESILTANT REACTION:

No. 4 LOUVER: -13 LOUVER, - 21 BELLCAINK



LIMIT LOADS.

		1			[T
CONDITION	Mt	Rs	Re	P	Ryx	Ret
IV B= +15 FULL CAEN	- 60	+988.7	+497.3	+ 25.0	+ /37.0	+ 233.0
I B= -15 AGAMIST STOP	+60	+153.8	+ /14.7	- 25.0	+ 95.0	+ 19.0
YL , B = -15 Not AGAILST STOP	+60	- 488.9	-497.3	- 25.0	- 157.0	- 233.0

SECTION B-B: MATL: 7075-T651, Fix = 77,000 ps/

CRITICAL CRANK BONDING: MATL: 7075-T651, Fix = 77,000 ps/ $I = \frac{.231 (.30)^3}{12} = .00051$ INF

.491

.260 M = .32(497.3)(1.5) = 238.7 IN-LB (ULT) $f_{b_{\pm}} = \frac{.238.7 (.15)}{.00057} = 70,205$ pai (ULT)

No. 4 LOUVER:

SECTION B-B , CONT:

$$R_{he} = \frac{70,205}{1.2(77,800)} = .760$$
 $R_{e} = \frac{8695}{77,000} = .113$ $M.S. = \frac{1}{.760 \pm 113} - 1 = \frac{1.14}{1.14}$

CRANE ARM - ACTUATOR ATTACHMENT:

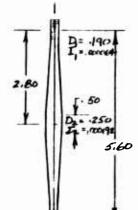
SHEAR TEAR-OUT!

-69 AN:

$$D = .1890$$
 , MATE: 17-4 STE., COND. A
 $A_5 = 2 \left(.1890^2 \Pi \right) = .0561 /N^2$
 $P = 1.5 (497.3) = 746 \#$

PUSH RODS:

REF: THEORY OF ELASTIC STABILITY, TIMOSHENKO L. 5.60 IN. (INCLUDES ROD ENDS)



$$a/l = \frac{.50}{5.60} = .089$$

$$I_1/I_2 = \frac{000064}{000192} = .333$$

$$m = 7.42$$

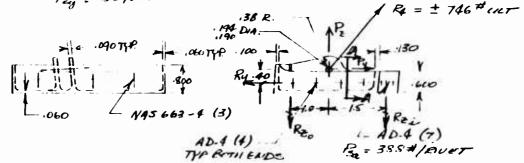
$$M.5. = \frac{1317}{733.4} - 1 = + .80$$

Suran .

-107 STOP BLOCK:

NOT CRITICAL

LOUVER ACTUATOR MOUNTING BRAKKET REF: DUG 143F127, 143F003



LUG SHEAR OUT:

NOT CRITICAL

LUG BENDING:

ASSUME TRANSFER OF LUG LOND TO BRACKET SIDES BY LUG BENDING AND LUG ANAL LOAD AWNE.